

National Centre for Pharmacoeconomics NCPE Ireland

NCPE Plain English Summary

Drug name: Olaparib (pronounced: Oh-LAP-a-rib) for maintenance treatment of adult patients with advanced BRCA1/2-mutated high-grade epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube or primary peritoneal cancer who are in response following completion of first-line platinum-based chemotherapy.

Brand name: Lynparza®

What is the NCPE?

The National Centre for Pharmacoeconomics (NCPE) is a team of experts who look at the health benefits and costs of medicines. The HSE asks us to advise on whether or not a new medicine is good value for money. We give unbiased advice to help the HSE provide the most effective, safe and cost-effective (value for money) treatments for patients.

How do we make our recommendations?

Our main focus is on the health benefits and cost effectiveness of a medicine. We look at the wider costs and health benefits associated with a new medicine, for example:

- Does the new medicine work better than other treatments available in Ireland?
- Is the new medicine easier to give or easier to take compared with other treatments available in Ireland?
- Does the new medicine reduce the need for patients to be hospitalised?
- Does the new medicine improve the quality of a patient's life over other treatments available in Ireland?
- Will the new medicine save resources elsewhere within the health system?

We review the information from clinical trials along with the cost and value for money data presented by the pharmaceutical company. We ask doctors and other healthcare professionals for advice about any health benefits of the new medicine compared with current treatments. We also ask patient organisations to send us their views on how the new drug may improve patients' day-to-day experience of living with a disease.

What is Olaparib used for?

Olaparib is a cancer medicine used on its own for continuing treatment of high-grade (fast-growing) cancers of the ovaries, fallopian tubes (which connect the ovaries to the womb) and the peritoneum (membrane lining the abdomen). It is used in women with newly diagnosed advanced cancer with mutations (changes) in one or both genes known as BRCA1 and BRCA2 who have been treated with platinum-based chemotherapy and in whom this treatment has reduced or cleared the cancer. It can also be used in women whose cancer had come back (relapsed) after previous treatment and in whom platinum-based chemotherapy has reduced or cleared the cancer and in other cancers including breast cancer.

What recommendation has the NCPE made to the HSE?

We have recommended that the HSE should consider not funding olaparib unless its cost effectiveness (value for money) can be improved. The HSE will consider our recommendation and make the final decision about reimbursement (funding). When making the funding decision, the HSE will also consider the additional <u>criteria</u> outlined in the Health (Pricing and Supply of Medical Goods) Act 2013.

Why did we make this recommendation?

After reviewing the data presented by the pharmaceutical company, we concluded that although we believe the medicine may work, the price of the medicine is too high compared with other ways to manage this condition, and therefore we believe that the medicine is very poor value for money. We recommend that the HSE consider **not** providing this medicine unless the HSE can agree a suitable price reduction with the pharmaceutical company.

Next steps

When the HSE receives our recommendation, it will look at all the relevant data about olaparib. The HSE makes the final decision on reimbursement.

Where can I get more information?

You can get more information about olaparib from the following online options:

• the NCPE Technical Summary Document

- Lynparza® European Public Assessment Report (EPAR) –or <u>Summary for the public</u>
- searching for olaparib on our website (<u>www.ncpe.ie</u>);
- searching for olaparib on the European Medicines Agency (EMA) website (www.ema.europa.eu).

Please refer to the NCPE website for updated information on the reimbursement status of this medicine.

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